
Timeline - Outside the Historic Triangle

1558	Elizabeth I ascends English throne
1562-65	French Huguenot (Protestant) settlement in Florida
1565	Spanish destroy French settlement and found St. Augustine
1585-86	Roanoke (North Carolina) by the English
1587	Roanoke colony led by John White (the Lost Colony) disappears
1588	Spain's "Invincible Armada" repulsed by English & Dutch
1608	English settlement at Sagadahoc (Maine) collapses
1608	Quebec founded by French. Spanish establish Santa Fé
1609	English settle Bermuda
1614	Captain John Smith explores and names New England
1617	Rebecca Rolfe (Pocahontas) dies at Gravesend, England
1618-20	Portuguese military campaigns in Angola
1619	<i>St. John the Baptist</i> sails from Luanda, Angola
1620	Plymouth colony established
1624	Dutch establish Manhattan and Fort Orange (Albany)
1630	Massachusetts Bay colony founded
1634	Maryland founded
1637	Pequot War in New England
1642-60	English Civil War, Commonwealth, and Protectorate
1660	Navigation Act passed by Parliament outlaws Dutch trade to the colonies
1661	Barbados passes first slave code in English America
1664	Dutch New Netherland (New York) conquered by British
1672	Royal African Company chartered
1675-76	King Philip's (Metacom's) War
1681	William Penn proprietor of Pennsylvania
1685	Virginia's population: Indian peoples 2,900, whites 38,000, blacks 2,600
1688	Glorious Revolution in England, William and Mary ascend the throne
1689-1697	King William's War

1696	Board of Trade created to supervise colonies
1702-13	Queen Anne's War
1711-15	Tuscarora war in North Carolina
1713	Peace of Utrecht – Britain gains Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, and Hudson Bay
1715	Yamasee war in South Carolina
1730	Virginia's population: Indian peoples 900, whites 103,000, blacks 40,000
1732	George Washington born
1733	Georgia founded
1743	Thomas Jefferson born
1754-63	French and Indian War – Britain captures Canada and gains Florida
1760-1820	Reign of King George III of England (Regency, 1811-20)
1765	American resistance to the Stamp Act
1767	Townshend Revenue Acts lead to protests in colonies
1773	Tea Act Boston Tea Party
1774	Coercive Acts close Boston. First Continental Association
1775	Virginia's population: Indian peoples 300, whites 279,500, blacks 186,400 Americans engage British troops at Lexington and Concord, Mass. Second Continental Congress Battle of Bunker Hill
1776	Declaration of Independence is adopted in Philadelphia
1777	American victory at Saratoga
1778	Virginia legislature bans the importation of slaves France enters war against Britain
1779	Thomas Jefferson introduces bill for establishment of religious freedom
1782	Virginia permitted slave owners to free their slaves
1783	USA and Britain sign Peace of Paris ending the war
1786	Statute of Religious Freedom adopted in Virginia
1787	Constitutional Convention meets in Philadelphia to draft a new constitution Northwest Ordinance bans slavery from Northwest Territory
1789	First Congress convenes under newly ratified US Constitution Washington inaugurated president in New York